# Alice Springs to Darwin Railway



A case study in understanding, conserving and safeguarding indigenous intangible cultural heritage in Central Australia.

### BACKGROUND

- The protection of intangible cultural heritage in the NT of Australia has been enshrined in legislation since 1976
- 1982 and 1998 funds were secured & the heritage survey began along the ASP to DWN railway line 200m x 1420km.
- The heritage survey involved Traditional Owners from 69 Aboriginal communities, 17 Aboriginal languages and dozens of Aboriginal landowning groups.
- Railway corridor was crisscrossed by dozens of ancient mythological dreaming tracks associated with hundreds of sacred sites.

#### BACKGROUND

 The proposed corridor was realigned and redesigned in multiple sections in order to avoid or minimise impact to places with intangible cultural heritage elements.

 The construction of the railway line began in 2001 and took three years. A range of work restrictions were implemented to safeguard sacred sites.

 In 2004 the first train travelled along the slightly curved track respecting the ancient landscape. HOW DOES THIS CASE STUDY RELATE TO ISSUES IDENTIFIED IN THE 2017 ICOMOS INTANGIBLE CULTURAL HERITAGE & PLACE PRACTICE NOTE?

- ISSUE: It is common for Intangible cultural heritage to be overlooked
- ISSUE: Appreciating the relationship between place and cultural practices

ISSUE: Cultural practices may contribute to the cultural significance of a place

• ISSUE: Sustaining cultural practices



## THANK YOU

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